



THE REACTIONS OF DIALKYL PHOSPHITES AND PHOSPHINE OXIDES WITH IODOSYLBENZENE

Slawomir Makowiec and Janusz Rachon
Department of Organic Chemistry, Chemical Faculty,
Technical University of Gdańsk, Gdańsk, Poland

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*The reaction of iodosylbenzene with $>P(O)H$ type of acids (dialkyl phosphites, secondary phosphine oxides) was studied. The acids of $>P(O)H$ type add to iodosylbenzene to yield intermediate **6** which in the aprotic solvents yields oxidation products, it means $>P(O)OH$ acids and/or anhydride of $>P(O)OP(O)<$ type. On the other hand if the reaction is performed in alcohol as a solvent in the presence of sodium alcoholate $>P(O)OR$ ester is the major product.*

Keywords: Alkyl phosphinates; dialkyl phosphates; H-phosphonates; iodosylbenzene; phosphine oxides; tetraalkyl pyrophosphate

INTRODUCTION

Organic compounds of polycordinated iodine have long been known, however, it is only recently that iodine compounds in the oxidation state +3 have gained synthetic and mechanistic significance, as described in several reviews.^{1–6}

Iodosylbenzene, PhIO, is the most important and best investigated member of the family of iodosyl compounds. It has found wide synthetic application as a starting material in the preparation of numerous iodine(III) compounds and as an effective oxidant. However, to the best of our knowledge, iodosylbenzene hasn't been explored in phosphorus chemistry.

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Address correspondence to Janusz Rachon, Department of Organic Chemistry, Chemical Faculty, Technical University of Gdańsk, ul. Narutowicza 11/12; 80-952 Gdańsk, Poland. E-mail: RACHON@ALTIS.CHEM.PG.GDA.PL